Gut Problem and Noonan Syndrome

Noonan Syndrome Seminar 2016 For Genetics Alliance Australia Garvan Institute

Dr Reuben Jackson Paediatric Gastroenterologist

Prince of Wales Private Hospital Senior Lecturer University of Western Sydney Medical School

Disclaimer / Apologies

- · SMH article
 - Avoid all PowerPoint presentation
- Level 1 evidence in children especially with complex disease not possible
- · No financial conflict of interest

Noonan Syndrome

- · No common associated GI issues
 - Rarely lymphatic dysplasia
- · Postnatal growth reduction
 - Short stature
 - Improvement in cases with GH

Noonan Syndrome Management

- · Maximize nutrition and growth
- Other more commonly inherited gut problem
 GOR, constipation, Cow's Milk Protein Allergy
- Other common acquired conditions affecting feeding, sleeping and growth
 - OSA, Iron deficiency, unstable bladder

Genetics of Common Gut Problem

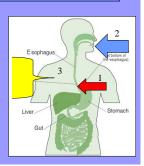
- "Slow motility" common
- ~ 1:4
- · Likely autosomal dominant
- Infant GOR, CMP enterocolitis
- Children GOR and chronic constipation tendency
- · Adult complications of chronic GOR, constipation
- · Other inherited variables
 - size of hiatal hernia, ? redundant (long) colon

Slow Motility

- At birth classically unsettled due to GOR and CMP/Soy protein allergy
- Often labelled as "colic"
- After 1 tendency to suffer from ongoing GOR and Constipation

Types of Reflux

- 1. Distal oesophagus
- 2. LPR
- 3. Mixed



History

- Nothing to do with:-
 - Amount of vomiting
 - Failure to thrive
 - Unsettledness
 - Level of lack of response to Mylanta, "zantac" or "losec"

History

- Reflux at night
 - frequent waking (worse in infants and older pts with OSA)
 - wakes and demands for drinks at night (milk)
 - hates breakfast (morning nausea prefers only drinks in morning)
 - extreme "hunger pain" dyspepsia
- chronic throat clearing coughs (without URTI / asthma / OSA)
- LPReflux
 - rattly wheezy chest
 - recurrent unexplained croup
 - hoarseness
 - worsening of asthma (despite decent treatment)
 - halitosis
 - enamel erosion

History

- · Oesophagitis
 - Coffee-ground vomit (rare)
 - Prefers softer & mashed food (common)
 - Hates lumpy food (ongoing meat texture aversion, gagging)
 - Prefers liquid (milk or yogurt as "mylanta")
 - Feels food getting caught (washes down with liquid)
 - > TEXTURE & ORAL SENSORY AVERSION
 - Worse with development of large tonsils

History

· Oesophageal

- Lower chest pain
- sudden sharp debilitating pain
- sudden feeling of dysphagia
- "sliding hiatal hernia" pain
- relates to physical activity too soon post-prandially

Observations

- Waterbrash
- Enamel
- Restless legs & Periodic Limb Movement Disorder
 - From low iron store (ferritin < 50)
- Sleep disorder symptoms

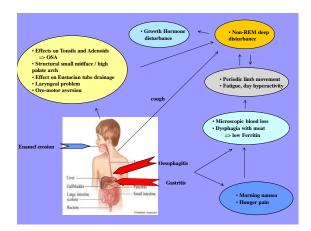
Observations – ENT & Sleep

- · Snoring
- · Increased work of breathing
- · Dark rings under eyes
- · Unrefreshed sleep
- · Mouth Breathing
- Nasal blockage
 - Allergy
 - Adenoids
 - Turbinet
 - · High arch palate

OSA leads to increased secondary reflux at night

Associated Bile reflux

- Supine position allows bile reflux back into stomach and higher
- · Pylorus is not a one-way valve
- Bile (alkaline) reflux worse that acid
- Bile gastritis creates more hunger pain and Iron problem
 - Gastritis



Reasons for reflux

- 1. Oesophageal motility / clearance
- 2. LES tone
- 3. Hiatal Hernia
- 4. Gastric Motility
- 5. Downstream motility/inflammation
- 6. ? Hypermobile Joint Syndrome



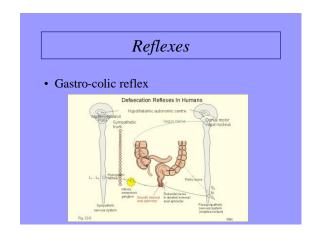
AIM of Treatment

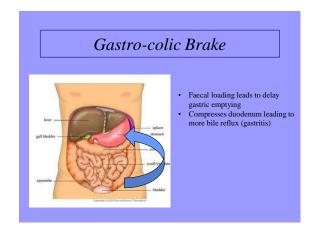
- Improve QOL (child & parent)
- · Prevent complications
 - Anaemia
 - Fe deficiency (Concentration, learning, Restless leg, REM, growth)
 - ENT (T's, A's, Middle ear, vocal cord, airways)
 - enamel erosion
 - orthodontic issues
 - feeding aversion & speech development
 - sensory integration disorder
 - obesity

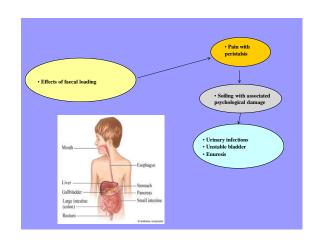
AIM of Treatment

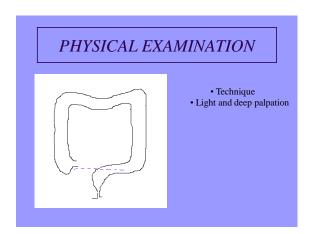
- Prevent complications (cont')
 - oesophageal complications
 - strictures, metaplasia
 - -Development of allergic conditions ?
 - Eosinophilic Oesophagitis (EoE)
 - Coeliac disease ?
 - other protein allergy

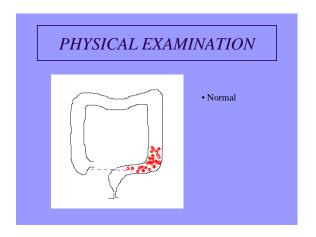


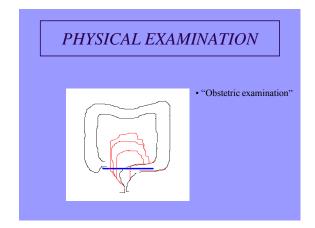


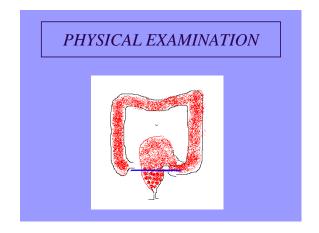


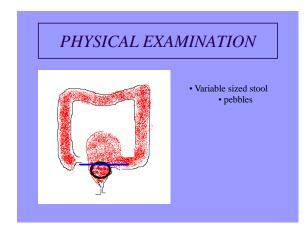


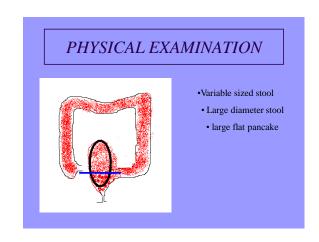


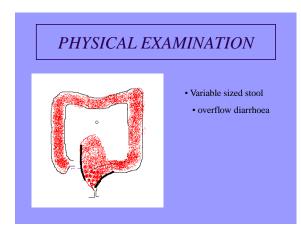












Faecal Loading

- Pain with peristalsis
- Fluffs
- Marks on pants (soiling)
- Funny posture
- Bloating from evening
- · Poor behavior
- · Poor appetite



- Disimpaction is paramount
- Home treatment with twice a day stool softener (PEG 3350)
 - Then long term daily maintenance after school

Constipation – poor definition

- Defined by frequency (can be incorrect)
- · Bristol chart confusing
- · Faecal loading much better definition
 - Variable stooling
 - Pain / behavior change with peristalsis
 - Soiling
 - Difficulty toilet training
- · Important to treat downstream to help upstream

Treatment of faecal overload

- · Posture / Positioning
- Timing of toileting (Signals)
- · Stool softener
 - Lactulose (infants)
 - PEG 3350 (Movicol, Osmolax, ClearLax, VivaLax)
- Disimpaction and Maintenance
- Rectal treatment (Rare)
- Nasogastric washout (Rare)

Treatment of significant faecal overload

- Avoid
 - high fibre (Dehydrated bulk)
 - Paraffin in aspiration risk
 - stimulant (Senekot) to avoid excessive pain & long term dependency
- Need
 - Soluble fibre
 - Fluid
- No holding on (maturity)
- Prevention
 - Long term complications

Summary

- · Growth, Nutrition, Sleep and Quality of Life as priority
- · Issues to manage
 - GIT
 - Sleep disturbance
 - OSA
 Iron
 - Iron
 Orthodontic
 - Allergy
 - Bladder
- · Always assume multiple pathology present

